

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : PSC 2511 CureHard Repellent

Chemical name : Mixture of Lithium, Sodium Silicate and alkaline Siliconate Solution

1.2 Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use Recommended use : Industrial Use Only Non- recommended use(s) : None known

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Polymer Science Corporation.

: Unit 1133, 6027 – 79 Avenue S.E : Calgary, Alberta. Canada T2C 5P1

Telephone : 403 287 2751 Fax : 403 287 2766

Website : www.polymersciencecorp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency In case of emergency call CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Corrosion / irritation Category 1
Eye Damage / Eye Irritation Category 1

Hazards summary Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Caution- Spillages may be slippery

2.2 Label Elements

Symbol :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statement : H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary Statements : P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331+310 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/doctor.

P303+P361+P353+P310: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing

Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P305+P351+P338+P310: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

3.2 Mixtures

PSC 2511 CureHard Repellent.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS C.A.S.# **WEIGHT %** Silicic acid, Sodium salt 1344-09-8 10 - 30 Lithium Silicate 12627-14-4 5 - 10 Potassium methylsilanetriolate 31795-24-1 3 - 6Methanol 67-56-1 0.05 - 0.1Water 7732-18-5 40 - 80

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

EYE CONTACT: Rinse cautiously with eyewash solution or clean water, holding the eyelids apart for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if

present and easy to do. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital

SKIN CONTACT: If on skin or hair, take off immediately all contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin, washing thoroughly with water. Get

medical attention if irritation persists.

INHALATION: Remove patient from exposure. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention

INGESTION: Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards a glass of water. Keep respiratory tract clear. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER / Doctor

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Alkaline.

Causes digestive tract burns Causes serious eye damage

Causes severe burns.

4.3 Notes to Physician. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

4.4

5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known

5.2 Hazards : Not applicable. Aqueous solution. Non-combustible

5.3 Fire-fighting instructions : None.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical safety glasses, rubber boots and heavy rubber gloves. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains, waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Do not discharge into the subsoil / soil. Absorb spills with inert material and place in a chemical waste container. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform the respective authorities. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers)

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Caution: Spillages may be slippery. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, universal binder, sawdust) Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid all personal contact. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid generation of mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Emergency shower and eye wash facilities should be readily available. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

7.2 Hygiene considerations.

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Remove soiled or soaked clothing immediately. Wash contaminated clothes before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.3 Safe storage procedures

Keep at a temperature not exceeding 50 °C. Do not allow material to freeze. Unsuitable containers: Aluminium. Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

7.4 Materials to Avoid

Do not store with strong oxidizing agents, organic peroxides or explosives.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 EXPOSURE LIMITS

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) Occupational Exposure Limits

Silicic acid, Sodium salt Lithium Silicate Methanol No Occupational Exposure Limit assigned No Occupational Exposure Limit assigned

ACGIH TWA: 200ppm. ACGIH STEL: 250 ppm. NIOSH REL TWA: 200 ppm, 260 mg/m³.

NIOSH REL ST: 250 ppm, 325 mg/m³. OSHAZ-1 TWA: 200 ppm, 260 mg/m³

Biological occupational exposure limit
Biological specimen: Urine

Sampling time: End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)

Permissible concentration: 15 mg/.
Basis: ACGIH BEI

Water Basis: ACGIH BI
No Occupational Exposure Limit assigned

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use local exhaust ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations at safe levels. Suitable respiratory equipment should be used in cases of insufficient ventilation or where demand it. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Respiratory Equipment : Respiratory protection not normally required.

Eye Protection : Use tightly fitting chemical splash goggles. Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Hand Protection : Use impermeable gloves. Neoprene or butyl-rubber gloves

Body Protection : Use impervious clothing and chemical resistant boots. Consider using resistant coveralls and aprons, if extensive

exposure is possible.

Other Protective Equipment : Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

General Hygiene Consideration : Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid all contact. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Wash

thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not take contaminated

clothes home.

Environmental Exposure Controls : The primary hazard of this product is the alkalinity. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to

waterways.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Physical State : Liquid.

Color : Clear, Colorless. Odor : Odourless

Properties

Boiling Point : 100 °C Melting Point Not available : Not available Freezing Point Flash Point : Not available. РΗ : 10 - 11

Specific Gravity $: 1.0 - 1.05 \text{ g/cm}^3$: Not available Viscosity

VOC content

Evaporation rate : Not applicable Solubility in water Soluble : Not applicable Vapour pressure Vapour density No data Auto ignition Point Not applicable Decomposition Temperature : Not applicable : Not applicable Explosive properties Oxidising Properties : No data

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability : Stable under normal conditions

: When arc welding vessels containing aqueous solutions of this material, take care to control any explosion risk Possibility of hazardous reactions

from hydrogen evolved by electrolysis. Aqueous solutions will react with aluminium, zinc, tin and their alloy evolving hydrogen gas which can form an explosive mixture with air. Can react violently if in contact with acids. Can react with sugar residues to form carbon monoxide. Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Hazardous

decomposition products will be formed at elevated temperatures.

Conditions to avoid : see previous item.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents, acids.

Hazardous decomposition products : Formaldehyde.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity **INGREDIENTS**

Silicic acid, Sodium salt Lithium Silicate

Potassium methylsilanetriolate

Methanol

Oral LD50 Inhalation LC50 (rat) 3400 mg/Kg (rat) 2.06 g/m³ No Data No Data >2000 mg/Kg No Data

(Humans) 300 mg/Kg 3 mg/l. Exposure time:4h. Test Method: Expert judgment

Dermal LD50 (rat) 5000 mg/Kg No Data No Data

(Humans) 3 mg/l Method: Expert

atmosphere: Vapor Method: Expert judgment

judgment

Ingestion : Toxicity are due to high alkalinity. Material will cause irritation. Oral LD50 (rat) 3400 mg/Kg.

Lithium compounds may damage the central nervous system. A large dose may have the following effects:

Headache, nausea, dizziness, convulsions, kidney damage.

: Mist is irritant to the respiratory tract. All symptoms of acute toxicity are due to high alkalinity. Inhalation LC50 (rat) Inhalation

 $>2.06 \text{ g/m}^3$

Skin Contact : Material will cause irritation. Dermal LD50 (rat)>5000 mg/Kg

Eye Contact : Material will cause irritation. Liquid or mist may cause discomfort and mild irritation.

Skin corrosion/irritation : Irritating to skin Serious eye damage/irritation : Irritating to eyes. Sensitisation : Not sensitising

Mutagenicity No evidence of genotoxicity. In vitro/in vivo negative

Carcinogenicity : No structural alerts IARC, NTP, OSHA, ACGIH do not list this product as known or suspected carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity : No evidence of reproductive toxicity or developmental toxicity for sodium silicate. Lithium compounds- teratogenic

Effects have been observed in laboratory animals. : Not Classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Single Exposure

Specific Target Organ Toxicity : Not Classified Repeated Exposure

Aspiration Hazard : No aspiration hazard expected.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity : Fish (Brachydanio rerio) LC50 (96 hour) 1108 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates: (Daphnia magna) EC50 (48 hour) 1700 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and Degradability : Inorganic. Soluble silicates, upon dilution, rapidly depolymerize into molecular species indistinguishable from

Natural dissolved silica.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential : Inorganic. The substances have no potential for bioaccumulation

12.4 Mobility in Soil : Not applicable

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Not classified as PBT or vPvB

12.6 Other adverse effects : The alkalinity of this material will have a local effect on ecosystems sensitive to changes in pH

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Do not discharge substance/product into sewage system. Do not contaminate pond, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

14 TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

14.1 Identification, UN number : Not Classified according to the United Nations

Not classified as hazardous under DOT or US Transport

International Maritime Dangerous Good (IMDG) Code: Not classified as hazardous.

14.2 Shipping Name: Not applicable14.3 Hazard Class: Not applicable14.4 Packing Group: Not applicable

14.5 Environmental Hazards : Not classified as a Marine Pollutant **14.6** Special precautions for user : Unsuitable containers: Aluminium

15 OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation Date : March 14, 2017

SDS prepared by : Polymer Science Corp. 403 287 2751

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